

# Anshumaan Tuteja

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## EDUCATION

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- 2019-23 **Ph.D. in Economics**  
Department of Economics, University of Warwick  
Dissertation: Essays in Monetary Economics
- 2017-19 **M.Res. in Economics**  
Department of Economics, University of Warwick (Distinction)  
Dissertation: Transmission of Monetary Policy in the Euro Area
- 2015-17 **M.Phil. in Economics**  
Delhi School of Economics, University of Delhi (First class)  
Dissertation: Monetary Policy in India: An Analysis and Transmission
- 2013-15 **M.Sc. in Economics**  
Department of Policy Studies, TERI SAS, Delhi (First Class)  
Dissertation: Assessing the Functioning of Clean Development Mechanism
- 2009-12 **B.A. (Hons) in Economics**  
S.G.T.B. Khalsa College, University of Delhi (First Class)

## RESEARCH INTERESTS

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Monetary Economics, International Macroeconomics, Macro-Finance

## WORKING PAPERS

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**What explains the stock market's response to QE policy? Evidence from a decomposition of the S&P500 index** (Job market paper)

**Abstract:** This paper analyses the effects of Quantitative Easing (QE) on the US stock market by decomposing the S&P500 index into two components, its risk-neutral fundamental value, and the equity premium. The causal effects of QE are identified by using a state-of-the-art IV that is based on high-frequency price revisions of the medium-long end of the yield curve, triggered by central bank policy announcements. The IV is constructed by controlling for both information and risk premia shocks to identify QE policy shocks. Findings from a Structural Vector Autoregression (SVAR) model suggest that an expansionary QE policy shock increases the stock index, influenced by a rise in the risk-neutral fundamental component and a fall in the equity premium component. Both components display persistence, with the equity premium response declining gradually over a period of two years. The results confirm the central bank's ability to compress risk premium in the stock market.

**Monetary transmission to financial markets in the Euro Area**

**Abstract:** This paper examines the impact of monetary policy and risk premium shocks on financial markets in the Euro Area using an event study approach. The measure for shocks are obtained using factors extracted from high frequency surprises in financial market data that are orthogonal to information shocks – conventional policy, forward guidance (FG), quantitative easing (QE) and country risk factor, the latter being specific to Euro Area

sovereign bond markets. I find that all factors impact risk-free and sovereign bond yields. The QE factor has the largest impact on exchange rates. The risk factor makes a significant impact on Italian and Spanish bonds, and the largest impact on the stock index among all factors. The effect of each factor differs in its persistence based on the maturity of sovereign bonds. The FG and QE factor had a greater effect, and for longer, in other asset classes of the financial market.

## WORK IN PROGRESS

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**Monetary policy signals and shocks in the Euro Area** (with Lucrezia Reichlin, Giovanni Ricco and Emanuele Savini)

**Abstract:** High frequency surprises in financial markets data are a popular choice for constructing an instrument to identify the effects of monetary policy shocks. However, these surprises are a combination of monetary policy, information shocks and risk premium shocks, which may lead to empirical puzzles. In this paper, we show how to isolate monetary policy shocks using high frequency financial markets surprises from the Euro Area. We control for information shocks using the information set of market participants and then extract four factors with structural interpretations – conventional policy, forward guidance, quantitative easing, and country risk. Using these factors as external instruments in a Structural Vector Autoregression model, we demonstrate that isolating monetary policy shocks eliminates various empirical puzzles in impulse response functions. Results for policy shocks suggest that target and QE shocks are equally effective in achieving desired effects on inflation and output. In addition, shocks to country risk premia negatively impacted Italian industrial production and the European stock market.

Related **VoxEu** article: *The two dimensional feature of ECB monetary policy*

**Spillover effects of Euro Area monetary policy** (with Giovanni Ricco and Emanuele Savini)

**Abstract:** We examine the spillover effects of the European Central Bank's Quantitative Easing (QE) programs on the Western African Economic Monetary Union (WAEMU). The peg of WAEMU against the Euro enables us to focus on the trade and financial channels of international transmission. We estimate bilateral VAR models consisting of national macroeconomic and financial data at monthly frequency. Using High frequency identification approach, we study the responses to a structural exogenous QE policy shock. We show that an expansionary shock in the Euro Area results in spillovers to the money market, the stock index and exchange rate with the US dollar. The impact on output and prices is modest, and there is significant heterogeneity in the response of member nations. These results are consistent with a lack of spillovers through the trade channel.

**The role of labor markets in household inflation expectations** (with Christine Braun and Gavin Hassall)

**Abstract:** We investigate whether households utilize experiences and expectations of their own labour market outcomes to predict aggregate inflation expectations. To examine this, we calibrate the learning process of households using the New York Fed Survey of Consumer Expectations in a DSGE search model with imperfect information. Preliminary results suggest that households form aggregate inflation expectations by utilizing prior expectations on aggregate inflation but do not update them in response to their expected labour market outcomes. We study the implication of the lack of updating in a simulation exercise. In comparison to a model with optimal learning, the output gap between perfect and imperfect information is more volatile when the estimated learning process is calibrated to the data.

## CONFERENCES & PRESENTATIONS

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Asian Meeting of the Econometric Society 2024 (Accepted), 18<sup>th</sup> Annual Conference at Indian Statistical Institute (2023), Warwick PhD conference 2023 (Poster), Applied Young Economist Webinar (2023), Indian Institute of Technology Kanpur (2023), 11<sup>th</sup> Winter School Conference at Delhi School of Economics (2016), Asian Meeting of the Econometric Society (2016)

## BOOK CHAPTER

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**Monetary Transmission in the Indian Economy** (with Pami Dua), in *Macroeconometric Methods*, 2023. 97-122.

## TEACHING EXPERIENCE

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10/2021-11/2021 EC9A2 **Advanced Macroeconomics** for Prof. Omer Moav  
10/2020-11/2020 EC9A2 **Advanced Macroeconomics** for Prof. Giovanni Ricco  
10/2018-06/2020 EC201 **Macroeconomics 2**  
10/2019-06/2020 EC226 **Econometrics 1**

## PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

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### Internship

7/2020-9/2020 Part-time Traineeship, European Stability Mechanism

### Research Assistant

7/2021 Prof. Lucrezia Reichlin and Prof. Giovanni Ricco  
6/2020-7/2020 Prof. Giovanni Ricco

## OTHER POSITIONS

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2019-2021 **Organiser, Macro & International economics reading group**  
Department of Economics, University of Warwick

## AWARDS & SCHOLARSHIPS

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2017- 23 **Departmental Scholarship**  
Department of Economics, University of Warwick  
2015- 17 **UGC Non-National Eligibility Test Fellowship**  
University Grants Commission of India  
2012 **Dr. Jasjeet Kaur Memorial Scholarship for Best Student in Economics**  
S.G.T.B. Khalsa College

## SKILLS

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**Modelling** MATLAB, Stata, Python, RATS, EViews  
**Other tools** L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X, MS Office  
**Languages** English: Fluent, Hindi: Native, Punjabi: Fluent

## REFERENCES

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Dr. **Christine Braun**  
University of Warwick  
christine.braun@warwick.ac.uk

Prof. **Pami Dua**  
University of Delhi  
dua@econdse.org

Prof. **Ana Galvao**  
University of Warwick  
Ana.B.Galvao-Soares-Ferreira  
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Prof. **Giovanni Ricco**  
CREST and University of Warwick  
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